# **Pharmaceutical Department**

# 2019

**Annual Report** 



# **2019 Annual Report** *Pharmaceutical Department*



**Faculty:** Full Members: William E. Evans, PharmD; William Greene, PharmD; Mary V. Relling, PharmD (chair); Erin G. Schuetz, PhD; John D. Schuetz, PhD (vice-chair); Clinton F. Stewart, PharmD; Jun J. Yang, PhD. Associate Members: James M. Hoffman, PharmD; Assistant Members: Daniel Savic, PhD; Liqin Zhu, PhD

Laboratory Directors: Alejandro Molinelli, PhD; Kristine R. Crews, PharmD

**Fellows**: Stefanie Baril, PhD; Jordan Beard, PhD; Jonathan Diedrich, PhD; Qian (Jessie) Dong, PhD; Li Fan, PhD; Daniel Ferguson, PhD; Emily Finch, PhD; Elizabeth Gibson, PharmD, PhD; Tomoka Gose, PhD; Joshua Hess, MD; Yizhen Li, PhD; Yiwei Liu, PhD; Takaya Moriyama, MD, PhD; Rina Nishii, PhD; Sabina Ranjit; Wentao Yang, PhD; Jingliao Zhang, PhD

**Residents**: Alyssa Gaietto, PharmD; Kelly Huston, PharmD; Madeleine King, PharmD; Sarah Morris, PharmD

**Graduate Students**: Kavya Annu, R.J. Autry, Brennan Bergeron, Anthony Brown, Tyler Dunn, Jianzhong Hu, Xujie Zhao, Jingwen Zhu, Chan Zou,

**Computational Staff:** Nancy Kornegay, Andrey Matlin, Claire Mills, Ben McKinley, Carl Panetta, Colton Smith, Wenjian Yang,

**Staff Scientists:** Erik Bonten, PhD; Barthelemy Diouf, PhD; Amarjit Chaudhry, PhD; John Lynch, PhD; Yu Fukuda, PhD

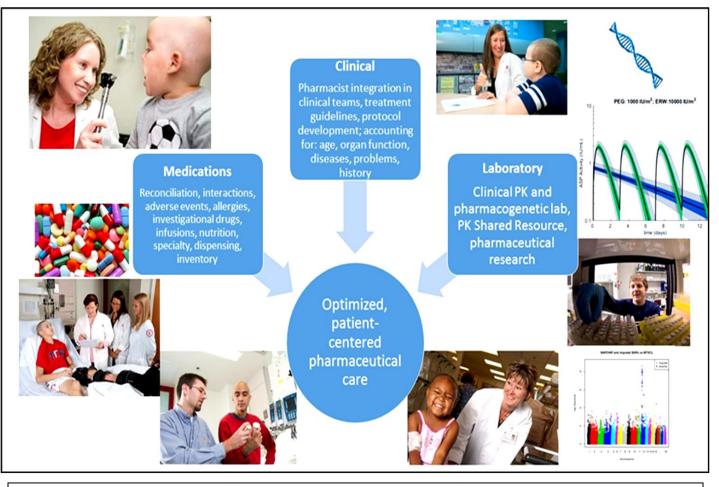
**Pharmacist leadership:** David Aguero, PharmD; Cindy Brasher, PharmD; Delia Carias, PharmD; Kelly Caudle, PharmD, PhD; Wendell Cheatham, DPh; Cyrine Haidar, PharmD; William Humphrey, DPh, MS, MBA; John McCormick, PharmD; Steve Pate, DPh; Jennifer Pauley, PharmD; Jennifer Robertson, PharmD; Cheri Wilkerson, PharmD; Barry Williams, BS Pharm

**Clinical Pharmacy Specialists:** PJ Barker, PharmD; Melissa Bourque, PharmD; Allison Bragg, PharmD; Andy Christensen, PharmD; Shane Cross, PharmD; Tim Jacobs, PharmD; Ted Morton, PharmD; Linda Schiff, PharmD; Joe Sciasci, PharmD; Hope Swanson, PharmD; Deni Trone, PharmD; Deborah Ward, PharmD; Diana Wu, PharmD

**Pharmacists:** Chris Askins, PharmD; Amy Bass, PharmD; Robert Bruno, PharmD; Susan Carr, PharmD; Robbin Christensen, BS Pharm; Richard Clark, PharmD; Clay Daniels, PharmD, PhD; Hana Danzi, MS Pharm; Nousheen DeRenzo, PharmD; Maureen Esposito, PharmD; Debra Ethridge, PharmD; Joseph Evans, PharmD; Liz Gallimore, PharmD; Amanda Helton-Clark, PharmD; Kristen Hughes, PharmD; Nevonda Jackson, PharmD; Jennifer Kemper, PharmD; Jenny Knych, PharmD; Chuck Longserre, PharmD; Shane Marshall, PharmD; Jennifer Mason, PharmD; Anne McCormick, BS Pharm; Tommy Mills, PharmD; Ben Moore, PharmD; Heather Mullins, PharmD; Tiffany Nason, PharmD;; Monica Patel, PharmD; Trina Peery, PharmD; Jackie Quackenbush, BS Pharm; Julie Richardson, PharmD; Chris Scobey, PharmD; Camille Smith, PharmD; Kevin Smith, PharmD; Tabetha Todd, PharmD;; Dagny Ulrich, PharmD; Gayle Westmoreland, BS Pharm; Curtis Yeh, PharmD; Keith Young, B.S. Pharm, RJ Zarkani, PharmD

#### **Overview:**

The overall mission of the Pharmaceutical Department is to discover the basis for inter-individual differences in response to medications, to translate research findings to improve treatment outcomes, and to provide the best and most comprehensive pharmaceutical care for our patients. The Pharmaceutical Department comprises Pharmaceutical Sciences (with a primary mission of research), and Pharmaceutical Services (with a primary mission of clinical care). Both research and treatment are highly intertwined at St. Jude, and this integration exists within other academic departments at SJCRH that have a dual mission of patient care and research. Many of our departmental faculty and staff members are extensively involved in both research and patient care. Indeed, the synergies and efficiencies of having the research and service components in a single academic department have been hallmarks of SJCRH since it was established in 1962 and facilitates the success of our institution.



*Figure 1.* With responsibility for medications, the use of clinical data, and the development of clinical and research laboratory tests, knowledge is used to provide the best possible care for St. Jude patients while making discoveries with implications outside of St. Jude.

Our vision is to be a premier academic department in pharmaceutical sciences, encompassing clinical pharmaceutical care and research, with special expertise on therapeutics relevant for children with

catastrophic diseases. Survival rates for children with cancer, hematologic disorders, HIV infection, or other serious diseases continue to increase, largely through the improved use of medications. Failure of current therapies and unacceptable adverse effects are partly due to less-than optimal use of medications. Our goal is to elucidate the biological basis of interindividual differences in pharmacologic response, and to translate our findings into more rational therapeutics and improving patient care.

Heterogeneity in the metabolism, transport, elimination, targets, and receptors of many drugs and consequent variability in therapeutic or adverse effects may result from germline genetic differences or genetic alterations in malignant cells. Drug response is also influenced by nongenetic factors (e.g., drug interactions, host organ function and maturity, disease severity, adherence to therapy).

We develop preclinical models to systematically characterize the determinants of human variation in drug response, and we integrate our work into translational clinical studies (Figure 1). Laboratory work informs clinical studies, and clinical problems drive much of the laboratory work.

Faculty members lead and participate in interdisciplinary St. Iude programs and national cooperative research collaborations. Our pharmacogenetic research integrates genome-wide analyses, molecular analyses, functional genomics, pharmacokinetics, and pharmacodynamics to identify genetic determinants of drug effects, with the long- term goal of optimizing therapy for individual patients. The Department has ten faculty members, 15-25 postdoctoral fellows (Figure 2) and residents (Figure 10), 10-20 undergraduate and graduate students, over 45 pharmacists, and over 110 full time staff members working as computing experts, research nurses, technical, laboratory, administrative, and clinical staff.



*Figure 2.* Post-doctoral fellows 2018-2019 Back row: Stefanie Baril, Jonathan Diedrich, Daniel Ferguson, and Jordan Beard. Center row: Yiwei Liu, Rina Nishii, Jingliao Zhang, Takaya Moriyama, Emily finch, and Yizhen Li. Front row: Elizabeth Gibson, Li Fan, Sabina Ranjit, Tomoka Gose, and Qian (Jessie) Dong.

The department is supported by multiple NIH grants. The research in the department includes clinical and fundamental pharmacology, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and pharmacogenomics, and is described under the following sections for each faculty member. Pharmaceutical Sciences occupies over 15,000 sq. ft. of contiguous state-of-the-art equipped laboratory and office space, and Pharmaceutical Services occupies over 18,000 square feet of space in

the clinical areas of St. Jude. The department hosts weekly research workshops and journal clubs that are open to the entire institution and are widely attended by colleagues outside the department, in addition to multiple laboratory or Services specific meetings, webinars with national and international colleagues, and regular pharmacogenomics meetings.

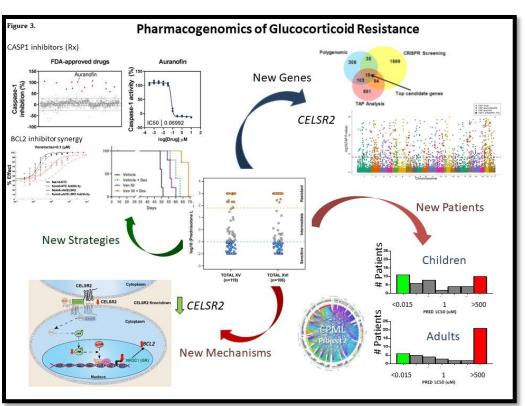
Details on the rich St. Jude environment for clinical care and for clinical and basic research are available at <u>www.stjude.org</u>.

Pharmaceutical Department faculty, staff, and trainees work closely with each other; with our collaborators in other departments at St. Jude; and with colleagues around the world on basic translational, and clinical research projects and to provide outstanding pharmaceutical care to St. Jude patients.

### **Faculty:**

#### William E. Evans, PharmD

Research in the Evans lab is focused on the pharmacogenomics of anticancer agents, with an emphasis on childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) (reviewed in Evans and Relling, *Nature* 2004; Pui and Evans, NEIM 2006; Paugh et al, Clin Pharmacol Ther 2011; Relling and Evans, Nature 2015). Several approaches are currently being used to identify genes and genome variations that are important



determinants of the disposition and effects of antileukemic agents, including the use of integrative genome wide approaches such as gene expression profiling (mRNA, microRNA) and RNA-sequencing of leukemia cells coupled with, genome-wide SNP (germline and somatic) and CnG-methylation analyses and whole exome/genome sequencing of patient cohorts that have been uniformly treated, and systematically evaluated for drug sensitivity and clinical response on prospective clinical trials at St. Jude Children's Research Hospital (reviewed in Evans and Relling, *Nature* 2004), and at our collaborating sites or by our collaborators in the COG, ECOG and Alliance in Europe (e.g. Princess Maxima Center, Utrecht). Ongoing studies are investigating genes that the lab has linked with resistance to antileukemic agents (Figure 3) (Holleman et al, *NEJM* 2004; Lugthart et al, *Cancer Cell* 2005), and genes linked to the disposition (Kager et al, *JCI* 2005; Zaza, *Blood* 2005) or pharmacologic targets (Diouf et al, *JAMA* 2015; Paugh et al, *Nat Genet* 2015) of antileukemic agents as well as the

influence of somatic and karyotypic abnormalities on genotype-phenotype concordance (Cheng, *Nature Genetics* 2005; Diouf et al, *Nature Med* 2011). Having previously identified high CASP1/NLRP3 expression as a mediator of glucocorticoid resistance (Paugh et al, *Nat Genet*, 2015), we are currently targeting this mechanism as a strategy to sensitize cells to glucocorticoids (GC). A high-throughput screen has identified FDA approved drugs that are able to block CASP1 activation and restore expression of the glucocorticoid receptor (GR). Our ongoing research is directed at determining if combinatorial therapies with these inhibitors of CASP1 are able to enhance GR function and leukemia cell response to glucocorticoids in *ex vivo* and *in vivo* models.

We have recently discovered 15 top candidate genes that are associated with glucocorticoid resistance in ALL cells, 14 of which have not been previously associated with GC resistance. (Autry et al, Nature Cancer, 2019 in press). We validated the top novel gene, *CELSR2* (a G-protein coupled receptor involved with non-canonical Wnt signaling), recapitulating GC resistance when CELSR2 is knocked down in leukemia cell lines, and showing that this is caused by decreased expression of the glucocorticoid receptor and loss of repressive effects on BCL2 when treated with GCs. We documented that this relatively common mechanism of GC resistance (~50% of GC resistant ALL) can be mitigated by co-treatment with the *BCL2* specific inhibitor venetoclax, both *in vitro* and *in vivo* in mouse xenograft models. We have recently worked in collaboration with our biostatistics colleagues to develop a pipeline for integrating multiple (six) genomic and epigenetic features (noted above) on a gene centric basis to identify genes and genomic variants that determine the resistance of primary ALL cells to glucocorticoids (Autry et al, *Nature Cancer*, 2019 in press). We are now extending this strategy to 14 classic and more-targeted antileukemic agents to elucidate the genomic basis of de novo and acquired resistance to antileukemic agents (in collaboration with the Jun Yang lab and adult oncology collaborators nationally).

The lab is also working to extend our prior discovery of inherited variants in *CEP72* that predispose to vincristine-induced peripheral neuropathy (Diouf JAMA 2015). In collaboration with colleagues in Epidemiology & Cancer Control (Dr. Kiri Ness), we are assessing the association of CEP72 variants with vincristine-induced *persistent* neuropathy and performing a GWAS to identify other genes potentially predisposing with persistent vincristine-induced neuropathy (5+ years after completion of therapy). We are also prospectively assessing the utility of vincristine dose reductions to reduce vincristine-induced acute neuropathy in children with the high-risk CEP72 T/T genotype (at rs924607) enrolled on the SJCRH Total 17 protocol. In collaboration with colleagues at the University of Chicago and the St. Jude Dept. of Developmental Neurobiology, we are also assessing other strategies for mitigating vincristine neuropathy using iPSC neurons and mice as model systems. Work in the lab is funded by a long-standing R01 from NCI (CA36401, W. Evans, PI), a project in the Center for Precision Medicine in Leukemia P50 Grant from NIGMS as part of the NIH-funded Pharmacogenetics Research Network (GM115279, M. Relling PI), by a Cancer Center Support grant from NCI (CA21765 C. Roberts, PI), and by ALSAC, the fundraising organization for St. Jude Children's Research Hospital. The lab comprises a number of post-doctoral fellows, graduate students, research technologists, bioinformaticists, computational scientists and staff scientists, working with collaborators at St. Jude (including Mary Relling, Ching-Hon Pui, Charles Mullighan, Kathryn. Roberts, Hiroto Inaba, Kirsten Ness and Jun J. Yang as major collaborators, plus additional physicians, clinical pharmacists, research nurses and other staff at St. Jude), and with collaborators at other institutions in the US (HudsonAlpha, University of Chicago) and Europe (Princess Maxima Center, Utrecht). The lab's overall goals are to elucidate genomic determinants of toxicity and efficacy of anticancer agents and translate this knowledge into new diagnostics and treatment strategies to optimize the therapy of ALL (Relling and Evans, *Nature* 2015; Dunnenberger et al, *Ann Rev Pharmacol Tox* 2015).

#### William Greene, PharmD

I joined Pharmaceutical Services as Chief Pharmaceutical Officer in August 2007. I have had a long career as a clinical pharmacy practitioner and leader in development of drug policy in hospitalbased practice. My interests have been diverse and are summed up in the goal of developing structures, personnel, policy and practice to accomplish the best possible system to assure optimal outcomes of pharmacotherapy. My interests in infectious diseases, pharmacokinetics, performance improvement and medication safety continue.

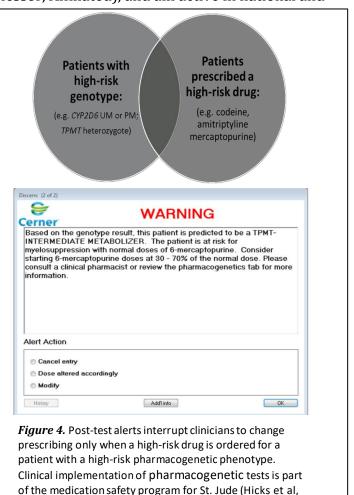
As the senior leader of Pharmaceutical Services, it is my goal to assure the best possible design and function of pharmacy services to assure that we achieve the desired outcomes of drug therapy for St. Jude patients. To this end, Pharmaceutical Services collaborates closely with other disciplines in providing patient care, and with clinicians and scientists in translational and clinical research and employs the principles of continuous process improvement in ongoing refinement/improvement of patient-related services. Clinical research in Pharmaceutical Services focuses on applying pharmacokinetic, pharmacogenetic, and therapeutic drug monitoring principles to patient care, and in improving the safety of medication use. I currently retain a faculty appointment with the University of Tennessee College of Pharmacy (Professor, Affiliated), and am active in national and

state professional organizations (American College of Clinical Pharmacy, American Society of Health Systems Pharmacists, and Tennessee Society of Health-Systems Pharmacists/Tennessee Pharmacists Association).

#### James M. Hoffman, PharmD

I joined the Pharmaceutical Department in 2004, and the St. Jude Faculty in 2011. My career has focused on evaluating and improving complex medication use systems, and I currently provide leadership to evaluate and improve a range of patient care processes through my role as the hospital's Chief Patient Safety Officer within the Office of Quality and Patient Care. My research is focused on patient safety event detection, patient safety culture, clinical decision support, and implementing pharmacogenetics.

Our work on patient safety event detection and reporting systems is built on our department's leadership to develop and implement St. Jude's novel electronic event reporting system software (EERS). EERS is used to report all patient safety events at St.



Jude, and this system has resulted in a 20% increase in event reporting. Because a healthy patient safety culture is essential to safe care, we have focused on assessing patient safety culture at St. Jude

AJHP, 2016).

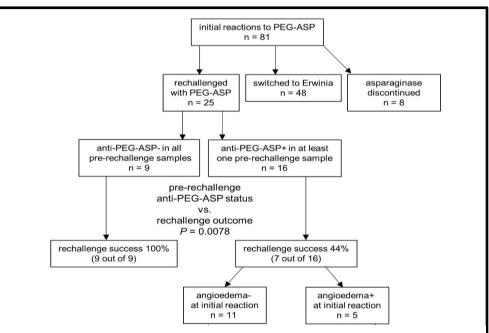
and devised new tools to measure specific aspects of safety culture in the hospital setting (Petschonek S et al *J Patient Saf 2014* and Burlison JD et al *J Patient Saf 2014*).

I also lead a variety of efforts to expand and improve the use of clinical decision support (CDS) in the electronic health record (EHR). Our team introduced new alert evaluation measures (McDaniel RB et al. JAMIA 2016) and we recently published St. Jude's approach to optimizing drug-drug interaction alerts to reduce alert fatigue. (Daniels et al. Pediatrics 2019) Through the PG4KDS protocol, St. Jude is a leader in incorporating pharmacogenetic data and associated CDS into the EHR (Bell et al, JAMIA, 2013; Hicks et al AJHP, 2016) (Figure 4), and I have contributed to this protocol as an investigator since its inception. I have also been actively engaged in the Clinical Pharmacogenetic Implementation Consortium (CPIC) since its inception, and I continue to co-lead the CPIC Informatics Working Group, which was formed in 2013. CPIC has devised vendor agnostic implementation resources which are available for each guideline (Hoffman et al. JAMIA, 2016). CPIC also established consenus on standardized pharmacogenetic terms whichare being widely adopted by both clincal laboratory and informatics communities and will help facilitate sharing pharmacogenetic results across disparate clinical information systems. (Caudle et al. Genet Med. 2016) More recently, we have studied payer perspectives on pre-emptive pharmagenetics to understand how to remove reimbursement as a barrier to pharmacogenetic testing (Keeling et al. Genet Med. 2017) and summarized how standardization can accelerate the adoption of pharmacogenomics (Caudle et al. Pharmacogenomics 2018).

#### Mary V. Relling, PharmD

I have been a faculty member in the Pharmaceutical Department at St. Jude since 1988 and chair of

the department since 2003. The majority of my discovery research efforts have been directed to translational research in childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL), to identify the host- and treatment-related risk factors for adverse treatment outcomes in ALL. I also maintain clinical involvement at St. Jude and in the Children's Oncology Group (COG). The clinical problems faced by children with ALL drive my research. Much of the work of my laboratory focuses on finding the genetic basis of why patients differ from one another in their risk of adverse effects of therapy, both drug toxicities and ALL relapse. I co-lead the Center for Precision Medicine in Leukemia (CPML), a multidisciplinary research



**Figure 5**. We developed and validated a CLIA-compliant assay for anti-PEG-ASP (anti polyethylene-glycol conjugated asparaginase) in sera of patients with ALL, which is now used routinely in St. Jude patients. In multivariate analysis, the presence of anti-PEG-ASP (p = 0.027) and angioedema (p = 0.01) both predicted failure of rechallenge with further PEG-ASP doses. The majority of patients reacting to PEG-ASP are in fact reacting to the PEG, not to the asparaginase enzyme (Liu et al, J Clinical Oncol, 2019).

group (<u>http://www.pgrn.org/precision-medicine-in-leukemia.html</u>). We also study how non-genetic factors (e.g., diet and drug interactions, kidney and liver function, and age) affect how patients differ from each other in response to medications.

The ALL phenotypes we focus on most include relapse, glucocorticoid induced osteonecrosis, asparaginase immunogenicity (Figure 5) and pharmacodynamics, and hepatotoxicity (e.g. Liu C et al, *JCO*, 2016; Liu Y et al, *Clin Pharm Ther* 2017). Our laboratory has a heavy reliance on computational approaches, as we use genome-wide tools to interrogate genetic variability. We also use chemical analyses (e.g. HPLC, LC/MS) to study medication pharmacokinetics, cell culture models, molecular biologic techniques, murine models, and analysis of clinical outcomes and phenotypes.

In addition to discovery research, we lead work to implement preemptive clinical pharmacogenomic testing. This is accomplished locally at St. Jude via a clinical protocol, PG4KDS (<u>www.stjude.org/pg4kds</u>) and internationally via the Clinical Pharmacogenetics Implementation Consortium (CPIC®, <u>www.cpicpgx.org</u>) (Caudle et al *Genet Med* 2017), an NIH-supported genomics resource. Our staff help lead efforts to create and curate gene/drug pair CPIC prescribing guidelines. St. Jude played a leading role in the recent update of the CPIC guideline for thiopurines, which now includes *NUDT15* in addition to *TPMT* (Relling et al *Clin Pharmacol Ther* 2018). We collaborate with many investigators within the department, throughout St. Jude, within the COG, and within the Pharmacogenomics Research Network (PGRN).

#### <u>Erin G. Schuetz, PhD</u>

I joined the St. Jude Pharmaceutical Department in 1993. My lab studies cytochromes P450 (CYP) and other enzymes that metabolize many of the drugs administered to St. Jude patients. The lab identifies genetic determinants explaining variation in hepatic and intestinal CYP and AOX activities and, hence, variation in drug efficacy, toxicity and, ultimately, therapeutic outcome.

Recently our studies have focused on studying the impact of Vitamin D3 (VD3) sufficiency versus insufficiency on survival and chemotherapeutic efficacy and toxicity in a mouse model of acute lymphoblastic leukemia with the BCR-ABL fusion gene. These studies were prompted by the fact that a significant percentage of the pediatric population is VD3 deficient or insufficient, and that VD3 levels are further eroded during therapy because anti-chemotherapeutic regimens decrease the levels of the biologically active form of vitamin D3. Hence a major long-term consequence is a loss of bone mineral density in these pediatric patients during their peak bone building years. As a result, clinical trials have been initiated to determine whether vitamin D supplementation can correct VD3 insufficiency and improve bone density in children treated for leukemia. However, there was also a concern that vitamin D supplementation might cause drug interactions with medications metabolized by some drug metabolizing enzymes and drug transporters because the expression of some of them is regulated by VD3. Our results found that VD3 supplementation had no effect on the pharmacokinetics of glucocorticoids or dasatinib, two drugs used to treat patients with BCR-ABL ALL, and metabolized by CYP3A4, an enzyme whose expression is induced in the intestine by treatment with VD3. Unexpectedly, Vitamin D sufficient mice died earlier (p<0.003) compared to vitamin D deficient mice. In vitro studies demonstrated 1,25-dihydroxyvitamin D (1,25(OH)<sub>2</sub>VD<sub>3</sub>) increased the number of BCR-ABL ALL blasts only when co-cultured with bone marrow stroma. 1,25(OH)<sub>2</sub>VD<sub>3</sub> induced CXCL12 in vivo and in vitro in stromal cells and CXCL12 increased stromal migration and the number of BCR-ABL blasts. In vivo, in both the bone and bone marrow perivascular CAR cells (CXCL12 abundant) known to

increase homing of hematopoietic stem cells to the perivascular niche where they actively proliferate, were significantly greater in number in vitamin D sufficient vs. deficient mice. These findings suggest that vitamins D should be measured in leukemic patients over the course of therapy to determine if there is an association between vitamin sufficiency and survival from different subtypes of leukemia.

The drug efflux transporter BCRP is recognized by the Food and Drug Administration as an important transporter that is prone to potential clinical drug-drug interactions (DDI). We demonstrated that the DDI potential of intestinal Bcrp inhibitors can be characterized pre-clinically *in vivo* using the fluorescent Bcrp probe substrate pheophorbide A (PhA). PhA whole body fluorescence imaging over time, coupled with serum sampling for PhA systemic quantification, allows for longitudinal, real-time kinetic analysis of the effect of Bcrp inhibitors directly on changes in tissue exposure. Taken together, the serum concentration and imaging data provide complimentary evidence that PhA can be used for identification of oral DDIs associated with Bcrp *in* 

vivo during early drug development. (Yasuda et al., Drug Metab Dispos

**2018**). Studies are ongoing to determine whether systemically administered PhA can be used to longitudinally screen *in vivo* and *ex vivo* for changes in Bcrp substrate distribution into other organs (liver, kidney and brain), potentially causing toxicity, following oral Bcrp inhibitor administration (Figure 6).

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administrated Bcrp inhibitors dasatinib (DSB), soratenib (SFB), pantoprazole (PPZ), elacridar (ECD), curcumin (CCM) or lapatinib (LPB) and 1 hr later administered oral PhA.

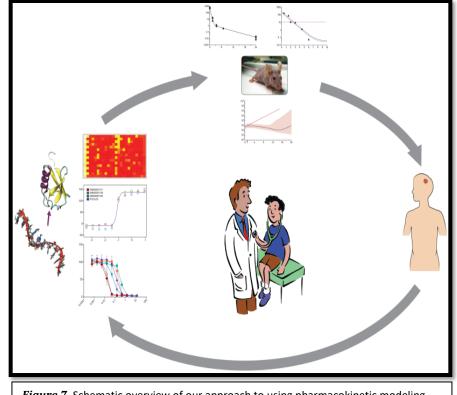
#### <u> John D. Schuetz, PhD</u>

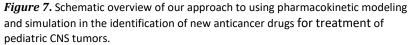
A member of the Pharmaceutical Department since December 1992, my laboratory focuses on understanding the contribution of ABC transporters to pathological processes and pharmacological response using cell culture model systems as well as gene knockout models (e.g., reviewed Ann Rev *Pharm Tox*, 2006 and 2013). Using these model systems, we have, through collaborative effort with other SJCRH investigators, identified one ABC transporter as an important stem cell marker (Zhou et al, Nat Med, 2001, Zhou et al, PNAS, 2002) that has a prominent role in hematopoietic cell survival under hypoxia (Krishnamurthy et al, J Biol Chem, 2004) as well as myeloid leukemia (Fukuda et al, JCI Insight, 2017). We extended these studies to establish a knockout mouse which revealed for the first time that the ABC transporter (ABCC4/Mrp4) was important in protecting the brain from penetration of chemotherapeutic agents (Leggas et al, Mol Cell Biol, 2004). One could infer from these findings that the therapeutic efficacy of CNS-directed drugs that are Mrp4 substrates may be improved by developing Mrp4 inhibitors. The ABCC4/Mrp4 transporter was first functionally defined by my laboratory (Schuetz et al, Nat Med, 1999) and was demonstrated to protect hematopoietic cells from injury due to the widely used immunosuppressive and cancer chemotherapeutic agent 6-mercaptopurine. This finding allowed us through collaborative efforts within the department (Evans, Relling, E. Schuetz) to identify a defective ABCC4 allele that was prevalent in the Asian population, thus providing an explanation for the anecdotal reports of enhanced sensitivity to the toxic hematopoietic side-effects of 6 mercaptopurine in this population (Krishnamurthy et al, Cancer Res, 2008). Further studies suggest ABCC4 has a strong role in CFTR (Li,

et al, *Cell*, 2007) and also in modulating platelet aggregation as well as response to anti-platelet drugs (Cheepala, Pitre, et al, *Blood* 2015). Other studies have focused on a mitochondrial and plasma membrane ABC transporter we first characterized (Krishnamurthy et al, *Nature*, 2006; Fukuda et al, *J Biol Chem*, 2011) that protects cells from oxidative stress (Lynch et al, *Cancer Res*, 2009) and also is a key genetic modifier of porphyrin, a disease of disrupted heme synthesis (Fukuda et al, *Nat Comm*, 2016). Because over a third of ABC transporters contribute to disease processes, our goal has been to understand the role of these genes in pathological conditions, such as our recently described roles for the bile acid transporter, *Abcb11*, in protecting against neonatal respiratory distress (Zhang et al, *Nat Comm*, 2015). From this perspective, we have also been elucidating how select ABC transporters contribute to cancer (medulloblastoma) (Morfouace et al, *Cancer Res*. 2105) and therapeutic response (Pitre et al, *Nat Comm*, 2017).

#### <u>Clinton F. Stewart, PharmD</u>

I joined the Pharmaceutical Department at St. Jude in 1991, and since then have focused my research efforts in developmental therapeutics for children with solid malignancies and central nervous system (CNS) tumors. In the clinic, my research involves the application of state of the art pharmacokinetic (individual and population). pharmacogenetic, and pharmacodynamic approaches to understanding the variability in drug disposition in children with cancer. Little is known about the disposition of anticancer agents in infants and young children less than 3 years of age, which often leads to increased risk of morbidity, poor tumor control, and increased





incidence of late effects. Thus, we have embarked on a comprehensive series of pharmacokinetic, pharmacogenetic, and pharmacodynamic studies to understand how developmental changes in infants and young children affect the disposition and toxicities of anticancer drugs used in the treatment of infants with malignant brain tumors. Our long-term goal is to determine rational dosing regimens for infants and young children by better understanding the developmental pharmacology of anti-cancer drugs and to apply these regimens to therapy for other childhood malignancies and chronic medical conditions. In addition to these clinical studies we perform at St. Jude, my lab collaborates with investigators within the Pediatric Brain Tumor Consortium and the Children's Oncology Group.

Our work in the laboratory is guided by addressing clinically relevant problems encountered in the therapy of children with brain tumors (e.g., CNS drug penetration in brain tumors). The studies in the lab are designed to either yield data that can be translated into the design of improved clinical trials or to answer questions generated in the clinic. For example, the treatment of children with primary CNS tumors continues to be a challenge despite recent advances in technology and diagnostics. A variety of issues unique to pediatric CNS tumors impede development and clinical success of novel therapies, and for this reason, safe and effective treatments remain elusive. The preclinical approach we use (Figure 7) employs tumor subgroup-specific models of pediatric CNS tumors, cerebral microdialysis sampling of tumor extracellular fluid (tECF), and pharmacokinetic modeling and simulation to overcome challenges that currently hinder researchers in this field.

#### <u>Jun J. Yang, PhD</u>

I joined the St. Jude faculty in 2010 and I am currently a Member in the Pharmaceutical Department. The research focus of my group is pharmacogenomics of treatment outcomes (e.g. relapse) and toxicity in children with childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL). Primarily taking a genome-wide approach, we identify genetic variations that contribute to interpatient variability in response to ALL therapy. By doing so, the goals of our research are to elucidate biological pathways dictating response to antileukemic drugs, to identify genetic predictors for drug resistance which can be utilized for treatment individualization, and to develop novel therapeutic agents to overcome drug resistance. Because genetic factors in both host and tumor genome can affect drug response, my lab has focused on characterization of inherited (germline) and acquired (somatic) genetic factors that are associated with treatment response in childhood ALL. We have led the first genome-wide association study to identify germline genetic variations associated with minimal residual disease in response to remission induction therapy in children with ALL (Yang et al, IAMA, 2009) and the first genome-wide interrogation of copy number alterations related to ALL relapse (Yang et al, Blood, 2008). We are particularly interested in the genetic basis for racial/ethnic differences in ALL treatment outcomes and disease susceptibility. e.g. we performed genome-wide studies to characterize ancestry-related genetic variants (Perez-Andreu et al, Nat Genet 2013, / Clin Oncol 2012, / Natl Cancer Inst 2013) that contribute to higher risk of relapse in Hispanic children with ALL (Yang et al, Nat Genet, 2011). We are also interested in pharmacogenetics of treatment toxicity, especially thiopurine-related myelosuppression (J Clin Oncol 2015, Nat Genet 2016). Our group is part of the NIH Pharmacogenomics Research Network (PGRN) and the Center for Precision Medicine for Leukemia (CPML).

#### Daniel Savic, PhD

I joined the Pharmaceutical Department at St. Jude Children's Research Hospital in August of 2016. Prior to my faculty appointment at St. Jude, I was a member of the Encyclopedia of DNA Elements (ENCODE) consortium, a large, multi-center, collaborative effort that aims to functionally annotate the human genome. To better understand genome function, I applied a variety of functional genomic techniques and massively parallel reporter assays (Savic et al. *Genome Research* 2015, Savic et al. *Genome Medicine* 2016, review in Engel et al. *Semin Cell Dev Biol* 2016, Ramaker and Savic et al. *Genome Research* 2017), and further engineered novel approaches and technologies that expand the utility (Savic et al. *Epigenetics and Chromatin* 2013) and enhance the capacity (Savic et al. *Genome Research* 2015) of the ChIP-seq assay. My laboratory at St. Jude studies the pharmacogenomics of treatment in childhood acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) in order to better understand the molecular underpinnings of ALL treatment response, chemotherapeutic drug resistance and disease relapse. Our group focuses on the role of the noncoding genome, and we are currently working on three interrelated projects that involve: (i) elucidating the role of *cis*-regulatory elements in antileukemic drug resistance, (ii) functionally characterizing noncoding DNA sequence variants implicated in antileukemic drug response, drug resistance and/or relapse, and (iii) developing novel, high-throughput assays to phenotypically screen noncoding sequences. We are also part of the Pharmacogenomics Research Network (PGRN), as well as the Center for Precision Medicine in Leukemia (CPML).

#### <u>Liqin Zhu, PhD</u>

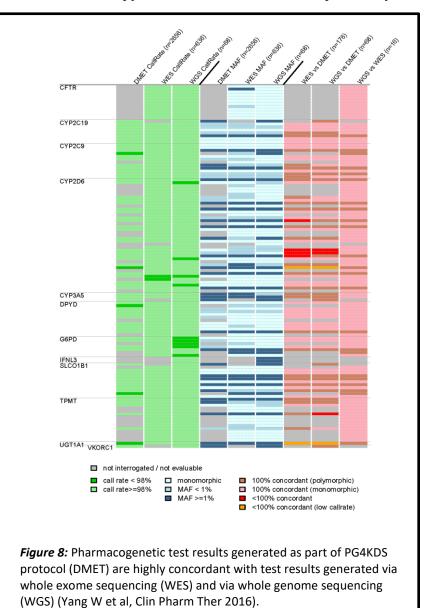
I joined the Pharmaceutical Department as a Research Associate in 2016 and was promoted to an Assistant Member in 2017. I previously studied tissue stem cells in global cancer initiation (Zhu et al. Nature 2009; Cell 2015; Cell 2016). My current research program focuses on elucidating the cellular and molecular mechanisms driving the metastasis of pediatric hepatoblastoma (HB) and hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC). We use three main approaches: (1) establish patient-derived organoid (PDO) models for HB and HCC and discover novel diagnostic and prognostic biomarkers via comprehensive genomic profiling; (2) study the functions of candidate genes in HB and HCC metastasis using PDO and orthotopic transplantation mouse models; and (3) identify new treatment for metastatic HB and HCC via PDO-based drug screen. Our preliminary study has demonstrated the ability of HB and HCC organoids to generate highly invasive and metastatic tumors in vivo which faithfully recapitulated recurrent and metastatic tumors in patients (Li et al, Am J Pathol 2018). Our transcriptomic study has identified a small number of genes that are significantly associated with HB and HCC metastasis. We are currently testing the biological functions and therapeutic values of these candidate genes in PDO and orthotopic mouse models. Our long-term goal is to develop novel therapeutics for the aggressive forms of pediatric liver cancer via detailed biological dissection of the disease progression and metastasis.

### **Pharmaceutical Services**

Pharmaceutical Services is led by Dr. William Greene and is staffed by pharmacists, pharmacy technicians, research and administrative staff, and faculty, (see Organization Chart at end) all dedicated to helping patients. St. Jude Pharmaceutical Services focuses on providing the best pharmaceutical care required for each child at SJCRH while supporting a collective research endeavor. Our personnel, working with other caregivers in a cutting-edge collaborative environment assure the best possible outcomes of drug therapy. Nearly 150 pharmacists, technicians, and other support personnel are involved in the care of patients and support of clinical research at St. Jude, helping to fulfill our organizational mission to "advance cures, and means of prevention, for pediatric catastrophic diseases through research and treatment."

Pharmaceutical Services addresses St. Jude patients across the continuum of care – providing services while they are inpatients, in the outpatient clinic, and while in domiciliary facilities or at home. Inpatient services include Clinical Pharmacist collaboration in management of patients of all major clinical patient care groups, including Leukemia/Lymphoma, Solid Tumor, Neuro-Oncology, Bone Marrow Transplant, Hematology, ICU, and HIV services. After discharge from the hospital, these patients are seen in outpatient clinics located on campus where pharmacists are directly involved with provider teams. In these settings, clinical pharmacists collaborate in the care of these patients, including the ordering of medications and laboratory tests, the development of clinical treatment protocols, provision of drug therapy and nutritional support consults, and assessment and management of the long-term effects of medication therapy. An on-site infusion center pharmacy

provides medications for outpatients and is fully staffed by pharmacists. On average, there are approximately 350 patient clinic visits per day, with 70 infusion center encounters. leading to the dispensing of over 700 prescriptions or doses per day. An inpatient census of approximately 55 patients per day requires more than 1350 dispensed doses per day. Nutrition support, pharmacokinetic, and pharmacogenetic consults, (Figure 8) and routine medication reconciliation at discharge require direct pharmacist involvement in patient care. Patients requiring intravenous therapy while outside the hospital are managed through provision of therapy by the St. **Jude Home Infusion Pharmacy.** This service, initiated in early spring of 2011, was recognized by a Joint Commission surveyor as exhibiting several "best practices" and having no recommendations for improvement during multiple TJC surveys. This service is now providing more than 740 doses per day and is caring for all St. Jude patients in the immediate service region. At St. Jude, we provide the very best professional



environment for pharmacists (Figure 9) – one that supports growth and achievement of professional goals. Clinical Staff Pharmacists work from both centralized and decentralized settings to collaborate with clinical providers in patient care. Clinical Research Pharmacists, Informatics Pharmacists, and pharmacist leaders in medication outcomes and medication safety work to assure optimal system support and design to facilitate the best outcomes of patient care and clinical research. Certified Pharmacy Technicians collaborate with pharmacists to assure excellence in operational functions. A technician career ladder has been developed, and pharmacist developmental pathways provide internal opportunities for professional growth.

Professional society involvement is encouraged, and resources are dedicated to support professional growth. St. Jude pharmacists play an active role in the Children's Oncology Group, American College of Clinical Pharmacy, American Society of Health-System Pharmacy, and many other professional organizations.

St. Jude Pharmaceutical Services also collaborates closely with various colleges of pharmacy in providing experiential education to pharmacy students. The department is formally affiliated with the University of Tennessee (UT) College of Pharmacy, but also works with students from other colleges as they request the opportunity. Members of the department hold affiliated faculty appointments with the UT College of Pharmacy. St. Jude pharmacy personnel provide over 50 student-months of "advanced experiential" training experience, additional "introductory" experiences, and approximately 40 contact hours of classroom training for pharmacy students from various colleges of pharmacy (primarily UT).



*Figure 9*. Pharmacists are integral members of each of St. Jude's clinical services.

Pharmacists are integrated into each of the major clinical services at St. Jude and state-of-the-art distribution and computer support systems assure efficient, effective delivery and use of medications. Pharmaceutical Services Informatics is intimately involved in the maintenance and refinement of a complete electronic medical record with computerized prescriber order entry and clinical decision

support. These same personnel lead efforts to identify and implement the best technology to ensure optimal and safe patient outcomes.

#### **Pharmacy Specialty Residencies**

Trainees at St. Jude are supported by an institutional Office of Academic Programs, whose goal is to assist our investigators and professional staff to improve the quality of experiences, training, benefits, and support for our undergraduate, graduate, professional and postdoctoral trainees. Over 300 post-doctoral trainees (post-Ph.D., M.D, and Pharm.D.) are at St. Jude, among whom are our PGY2 pharmacy specialty residents. Our PGY2 residencies in Pediatric Oncology, Medication Use Safety, and Clinical Pharmacogenomics



*Figure 10.* St. Jude PGY2 residents 2018-2019 (left to right): Kelly Huston, PharmD; Sarah Morris, PharmD; Alyssa Gaietto, PharmD; Madeleine King, PharmD

are accredited by the American Society of Health System Pharmacists (ASHP). Further details are available on St. Jude's website (www.stjude.org/pharmacyresidency).

## Pharmacokinetics Shared Resource (PKSR):

The Pharmacokinetics Shared Resource is part of the NCI-designated Comprehensive Cancer Center, is housed within Pharmaceutical Sciences laboratory space, is directed by Dr. Mary Relling and Dr. Kristine Crews, and provides centralized high-quality, competitively funded, peer-reviewed pharmacokinetic/pharmacodynamics research in both clinical and pre-clinical models at St. Jude. Dr. Carl Panetta is the PKSR's biomedical modeler, who leads regular PK/PD workshops at St. Jude. There are four major functions of the PKSR:

- 1. Assist investigators with implementation of clinical protocols involving PK/PD studies, including assisting with study design and optimal sampling. Implementation includes setup of Cerner mnemonics and instructions, set-up of laboratory procedures and tracking mechanisms, communication with sponsors and investigators, refinement of PK sampling, PK nursing assistance, in-servicing of clinical departments, development of standard physician orders, building computerized laboratory tests, refining sampling and study design (see function #4 below), and development of pharmacokinetic data collection forms.
- 2. Ensure efficient and proper acquisition and initial processing of biological samples for clinical PK/PD research studies (centralized receiving, initial processing, storage, and distribution). Processing of clinical research samples includes computerized tracking and labeling systems for acquisition, tracking, and distribution; initial centrifugation; long- and short-term storage; and distribution to other investigators within St. Jude and outside of St. Jude.
- 3. **Analytical assay implementation, validation, and ongoing quality control.** Analytical assay implementation includes stringent validation procedures, the guidelines for which are available in the FDA's <u>Guidance for Industry: Bioanalytical Method Validation</u>. Ongoing and systematic analytical quality control procedures are in place for all PK Shared Resource assays. Equipment is interfaced with state-of-the-art laboratory information management systems and biomedical modeling software.
- 4. **Develop and apply novel biomedical modeling.** Dr. Panetta and the department faculty assist with biomedical modeling, which has three main phases: model design, sampling strategies, and data analysis. The model design phase involves determining the most appropriate pharmacokinetic/pharmacodynamic model which adequately describes the data, considering historical and preliminary clinical data. The sampling strategies phase involves determining the most appropriate sampling times (using D-optimality methods); those that provide the most pharmacokinetic/pharmacodynamic information with the least inconvenience to the patients and staff. The data analysis phase involves determining and using the most appropriate nonlinear curve fitting techniques to best describe the data. These include maximum likelihood estimation, maximum a posteriori probability (MAP) estimation for individual results, and linear and nonlinear mixed effects modeling methods for population results.

### **Clinical Pharmacokinetics Laboratory**

The Clinical Pharmacokinetics Laboratory (CPK lab), located in the Pharmaceutical Department, supports St. Jude's mission by providing state of the art therapeutic drug monitoring and pharmacogenetic testing that is interpreted by clinical pharmacists to assure optimal drug dosing. It is directed by Dr. Alejandro Molinelli with translational support from Dr. Kristine Crews.

The Clinical Pharmacokinetics Laboratory is certified as a high complexity laboratory by CLIA and is accredited by the College of American Pathologists. Our staff consists of licensed medical laboratory scientists. Every year the laboratory will process and analyze approximately 8700 clinical specimens and send-out another 300 to reference laboratories. The laboratory's in-house test menu includes multiple high-complexity assays ranging from therapeutic drug determinations (e.g. immunosuppressant, antifungal drugs) to glomerular filtration rate estimation using 99mTc- DTPA. Some of our resources include random access immunochemistry analyzers (e.g. Abbott Architect) and analytical instrumentation (e.g. LC-MS/MS, GC/MS, HPLC).

Most of our instruments have bidirectional interfaces with the Cerner Millennium clinical informatics system. The laboratory also handles pharmacogenetic testing for the hospital, offering genotyping results that are always accompanied by consults prepared by the clinical pharmacists or pharmacy specialty residents.

The laboratory staff and pharmacists at St. Jude work closely to provide results in a timely manner. Once a test result is obtained, the laboratory scientists alert the pharmacist, who in turn prepares a clinical consult. This close integration of care assures that our patients receive the best treatment while minimizing adverse effects from the drugs. The laboratory staff is also involved in clinical translational science projects, for which tests developed in the research laboratories are validated and incorporated into the CPK lab test menu as needed.

In addition to the samples for clinical testing, the CPK laboratory staff members also process thousands of patient research specimens a year, in support of various St. Jude research protocols, for the Pharmacokinetics Shared Resource.



#### 2018 - 2019 Pharmaceutical Department Publications

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